

MODERNISATION EXAMPLES

Resilience testing



HUSTEF

HUNGARIAN SOFTWARE TESTING FORUM

Agenda

1. Introduction
2. Implementation ideas
3. Challenges
4. Conclusion
5. Questions

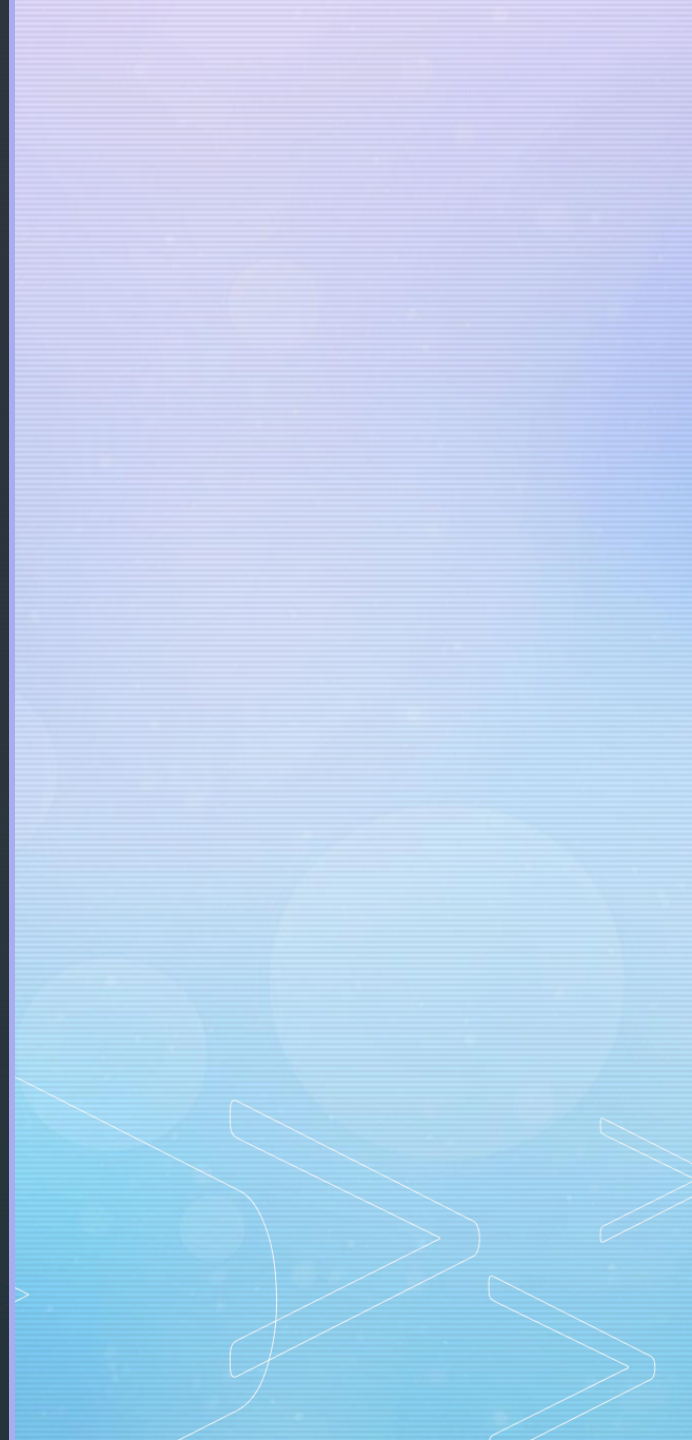


How we got here?

What is Resilience testing?

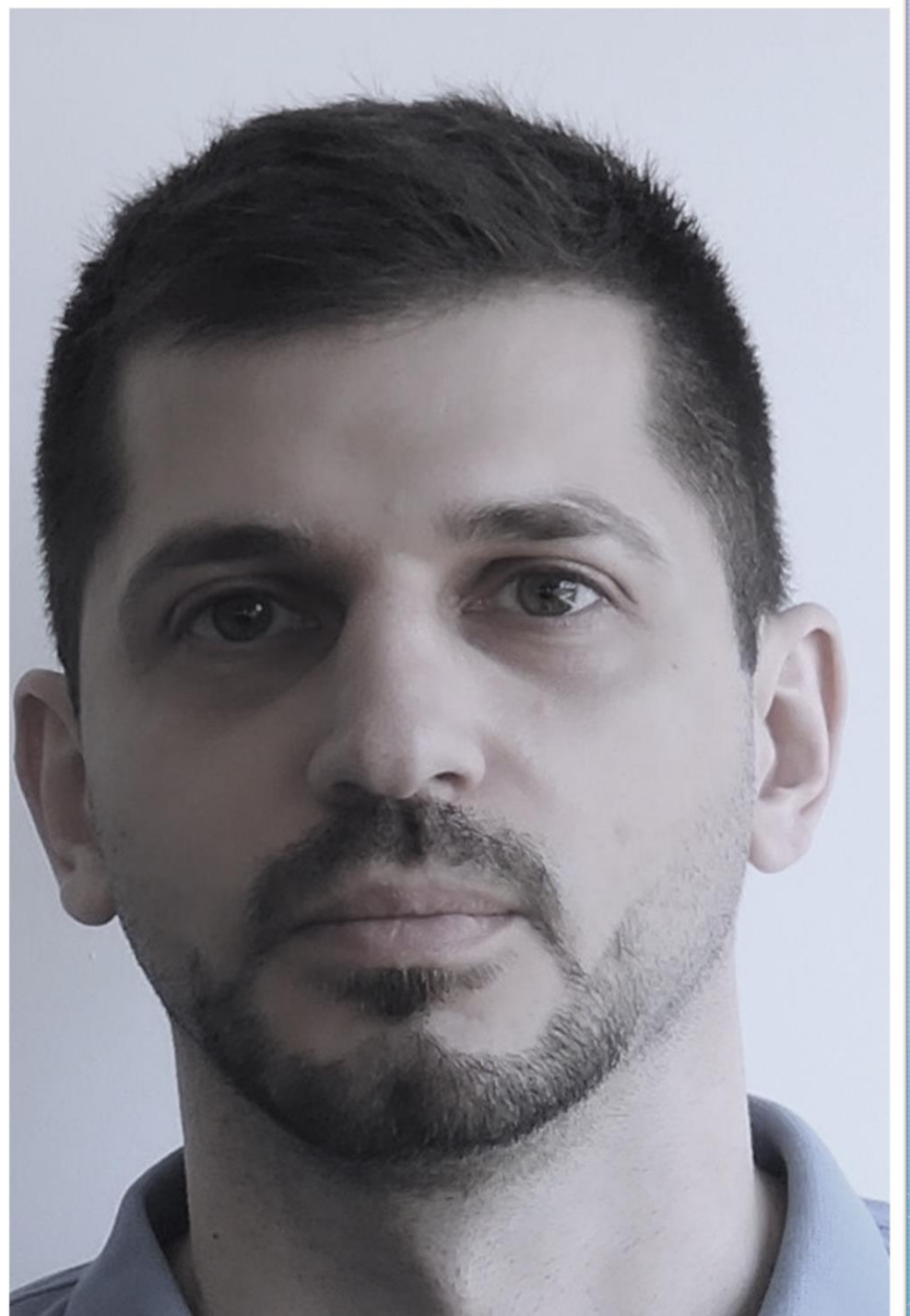
Why it is important?

01. Introduction



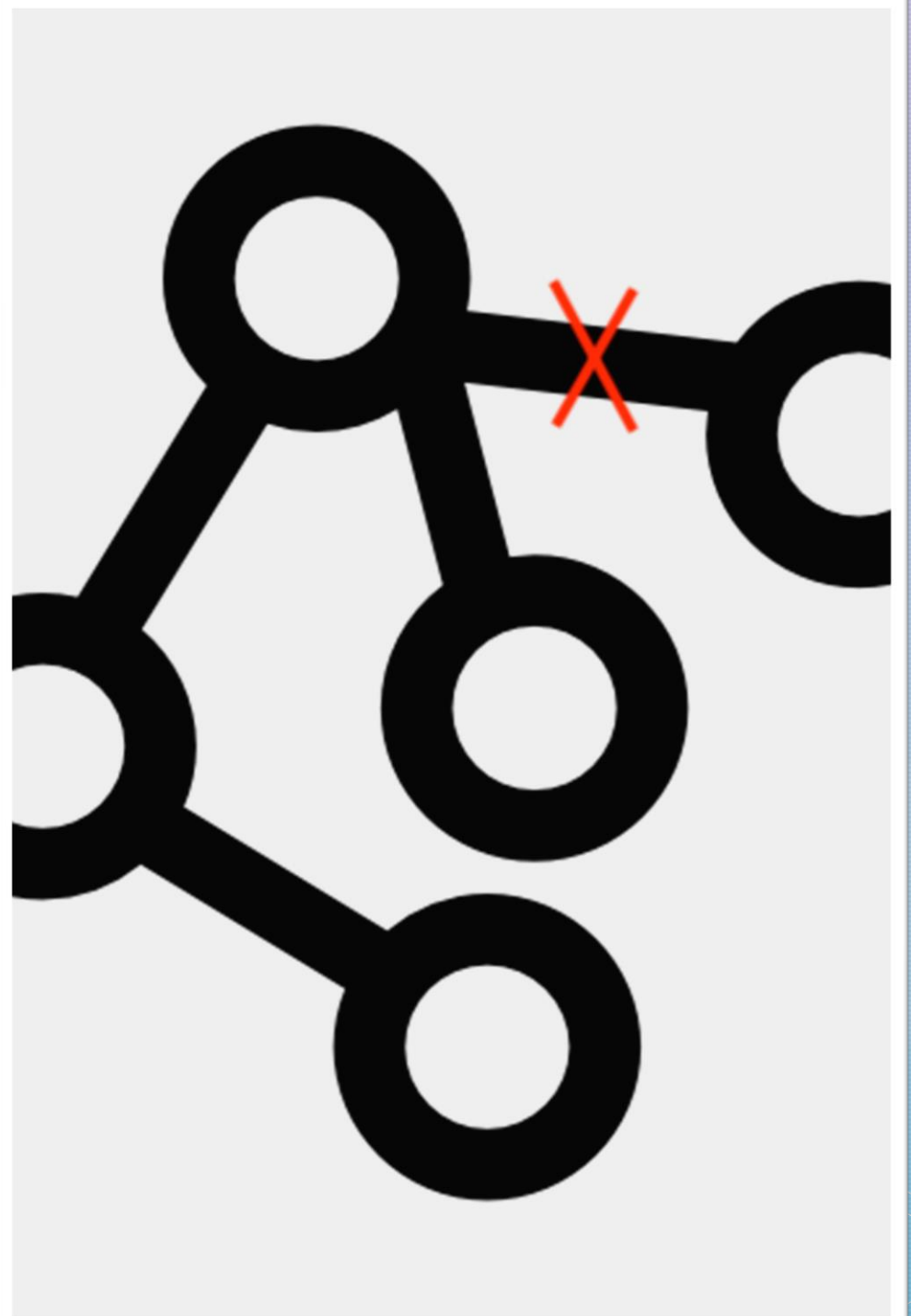
How we got here?

- Endava Senior Test Consultant
- Decade spent in testing taking various roles in the team
- Part of the team who implemented a resilience test solution during modernisation program



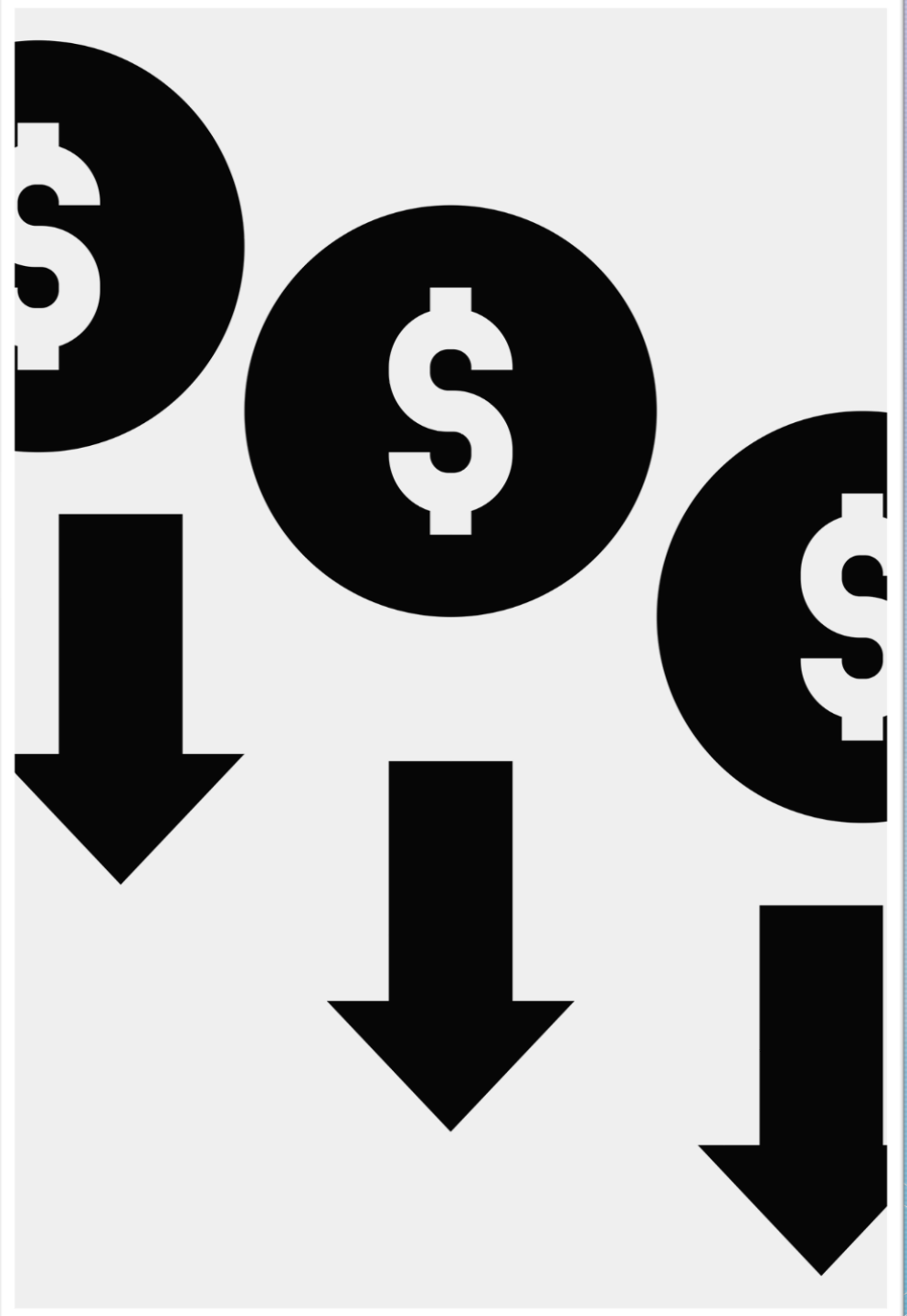
What is resilience testing?

- Non-Functional type of testing
- How system reacts to failures
- Many aspects to focus on
- Manual or automated
- Specific to a system under test



Why it is important?

- Switch to microservice architecture is adding layer of complexity to service communication
- Resilience issues can lead to financial, reputation, integrity losses and/or impact health and safety
- Findings can be used to improve disaster recovery plan
- Can help with optimizing resource utilization



Focus points

Tools



02. Implementation

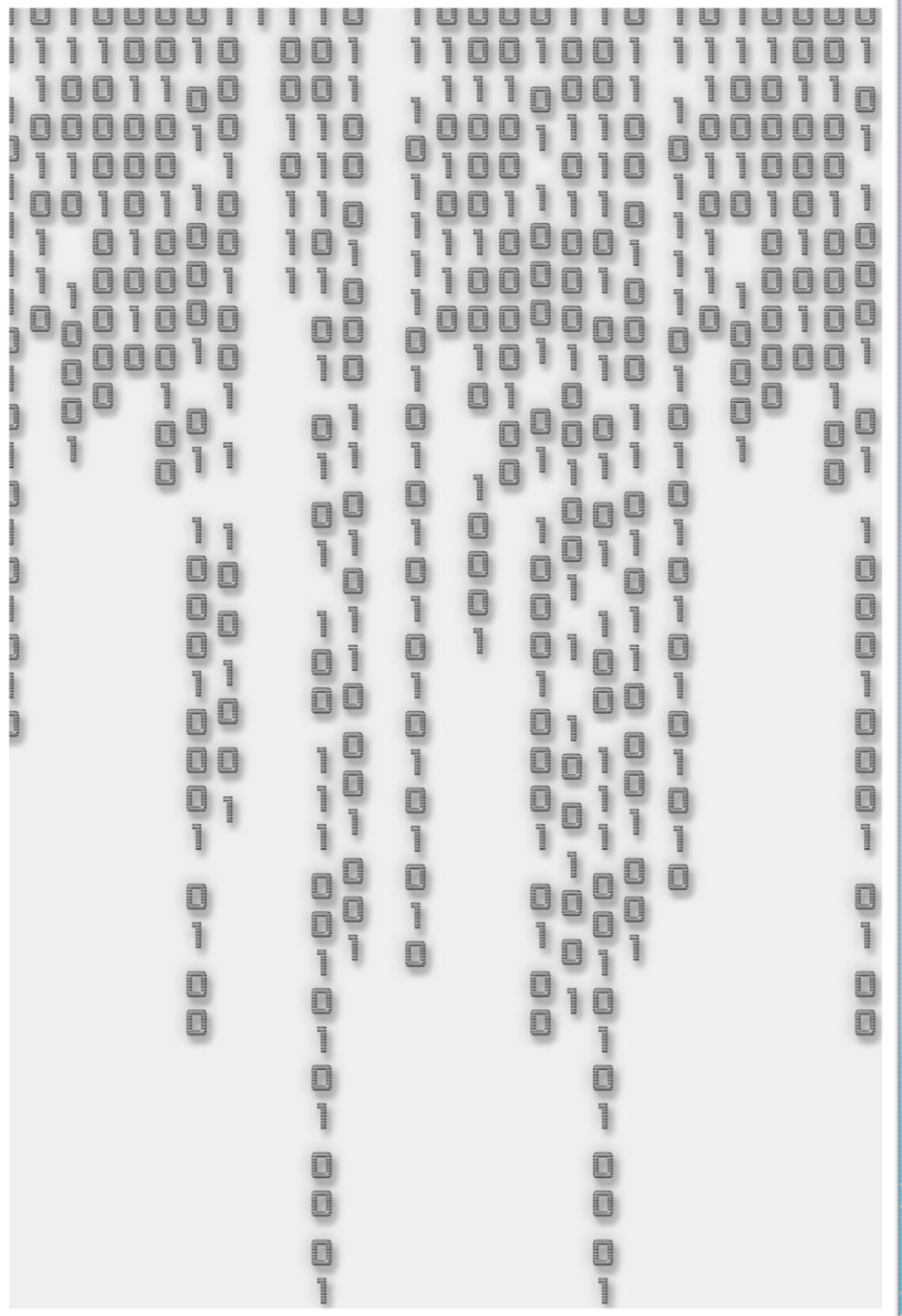
Focus points -> Service Discovery

- Health endpoints
- Status updates
- Service Mesh

```
localhost:8080/actuator/ x
localhost:8080/actuator/
{
  "_links": {
    "self": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator",
      "templated": false
    },
    "auditevents": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator/auditevents",
      "templated": false
    },
    "beans": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator/beans",
      "templated": false
    },
    "health": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator/health",
      "templated": false
    },
    "conditions": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator/conditions",
      "templated": false
    },
    "shutdown": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator/shutdown",
      "templated": false
    },
    "configprops": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator/configprops",
      "templated": false
    },
    "env": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator/env",
      "templated": false
    },
    "env-toMatch": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator/env/{toMatch}",
      "templated": true
    },
    "info": {
      "href": "http://localhost:8080/actuator/info".
    }
  }
}
```


Focus points -> Logs

- The Goldilocks principle
- Automated monitoring
- What, Who and When caused mailfunction



Focus points -> Connection Config

- Retry and timeout logic
- Failover and grace period logic
- Connection pool config

```
1
2
3 -- BudapestService
4 budapest.url=http://localhost:9092
5 budapest.url.context=/bankservice
6 budapest.http.connection.pool.size=50
7 budapest.http.read.timeout=80000
8 budapest.http.connection.timeout=5000
9 budapest.http.retry.grace.period=1000
0 budapest.http.gateway.max.connections=20000
1 budapest.http.max.route.connections=2000
2 budapest.http.ignore.ssl=true
3 budapest.http.failover.list=http://101.102.8.123:9092/
4 budapest.http.failover.list=http://localhost:9092
5 budapest.failover.tries=3
6
7
8 #-----
9 #----- Configuration for new HUSTEF Gateway
0 #-----
1 #//http://<ip address>:<port>
2 hustef.rest.url=http://192.168.3.84:8080
3 hustef.rest.url.context=/process
4 hustef.rest.http.connection.pool.size=1000
5 hustef.rest.http.read.timeout=25000
6 hustef.rest.http.connection.timeout=2000
7 hustef.rest.http.retry.grace.period=1000
8 hustef.rest.http.gateway.max.connections=2500
9 hustef.rest.http.max.route.connections=60
0 hustef.rest.http.ignore.ssl=false
1 hustef.rest.failover.tries=3
2 hustef.rest.rest.http.failover.list=http://192.168.3.84:80
3
4 # Card Storage Service REST Template
5 hustef.http.connectionTimeout=5000
6 hustef.http.failoverList=http://localhost:9094
7 hustef.http.ignoreSSL=true
8 hustef.http.maxConnectionsPerRoute=300
9 hustef.http.maxTotalConnections=300
0 hustef.http.readTimeout=5000
1 hustef.http.retryGracePeriod=1000
2 hustef.http.tries=3
3 hustef.url=http://localhost:9094
4
```

Focus points -> Fault scenarios

- Dropped connection, garbled responses
- Random data, Empty responses, Unexpected or missing fields
- Large payloads, Special characters...

```
POST /imposters HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:38275
Accept: application/json
Content-Type: application/json
```

```
{
  "port": 4554,
  "protocol": "tcp",
  "mode": "text",
  "stubs": [
    {
      "responses": [
        {
          "fault": "CONNECTION_RESET_BY_PEER"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

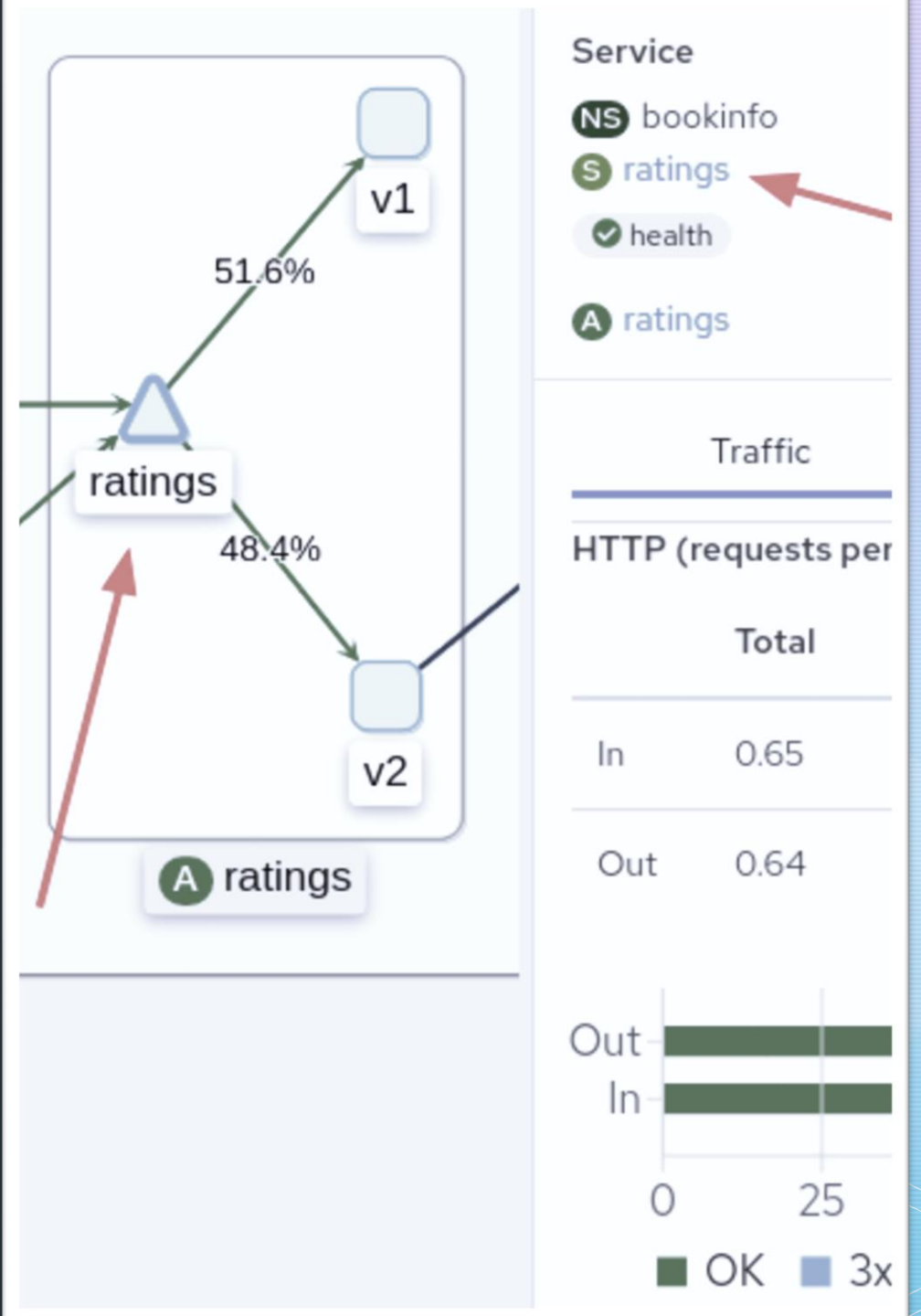
Random Data then Close

```
POST /imposters HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:38275
Accept: application/json
Content-Type: application/json
```

```
{
  "port": 4554,
  "protocol": "tcp",
  "mode": "text",
  "stubs": [
    {
      "responses": [
        {
          "fault": "RANDOM_DATA_THEN_CLOSE"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

Focus points -> Tools

- Standard Automation frameworks and IDEs
- Mocks (Mountebank, Wiremock...)
- Service Mesh (Consul, Istio, Kiali...)



Team communication
Learning about the system



03. Challenges

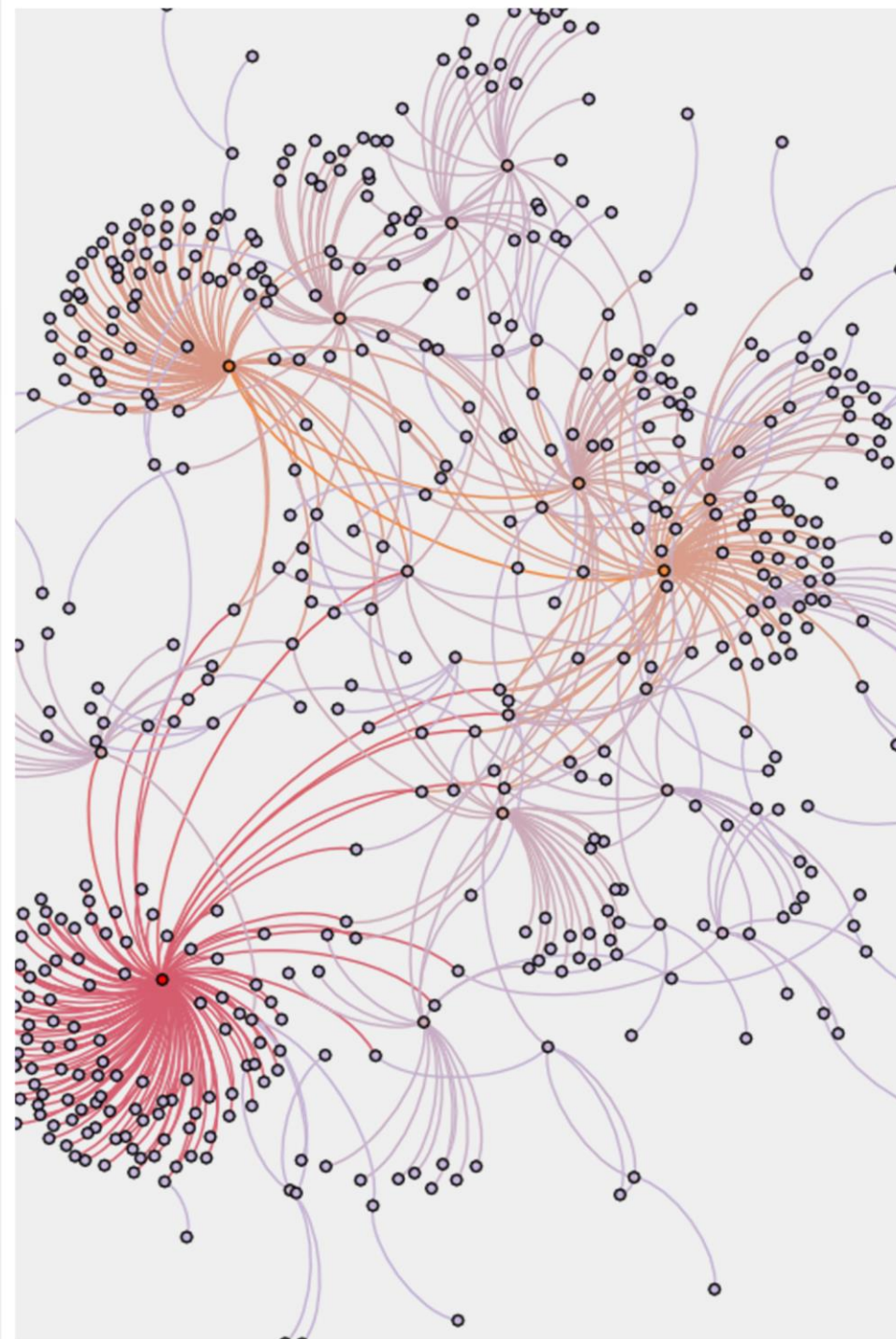
Team Communication

- Allocating enough time
- Service standardization
- Team resistance



Learning about a system

- 70% of time for existing system
- Proxy stubs
- Kiali



Include resilience early



04. Conclusion

Include resilience early

- Think about health endpoints and logs during design phase
- Plan testing connection aspects as soon as service is introduced
- Ask for standardization across services



???

05.
Questions





Thank you!!

